

Calculer les dérivées des fonctions suivantes :

a) $f(x) = x^2 \cdot \cos x$

$$f = uv \Rightarrow f' = u'v + uv' \text{ avec } \begin{cases} u = x^2 \Rightarrow u' = 2x \\ v = \cos x \Rightarrow v' = -\sin x \end{cases} .$$

$$f'(x) = 2x \cdot \cos x - x^2 \cdot \sin x = x(2\cos x - x \cdot \sin x) .$$

b) $g(x) = x \cdot \sin^2 x$

$$g = uv \Rightarrow g' = u'v + uv' \text{ avec } \begin{cases} u = x \Rightarrow u' = 1 \\ v = (\sin x)^2 \Rightarrow v' = 2\sin x(\sin x)' = 2\sin x \cdot \cos x \end{cases} .$$

$$g'(x) = \sin^2 x + 2x \cdot \sin x \cdot \cos x = \sin x(\sin x + 2x \cdot \cos x) .$$

c) $h(x) = (x \cdot \tan x)^2$

$$h = U^2 \Rightarrow h' = 2UU' \text{ et } U = uv \text{ avec } \begin{cases} u = x \Rightarrow u' = 1 \\ v = \tan x \Rightarrow v' = 1 + \tan^2 x = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} \end{cases} .$$

$$h'(x) = 2x \cdot \tan x (x \cdot \tan x)' = 2x \cdot \tan x [1 \cdot \tan x + x(1 + \tan^2 x)] = 2x \cdot \tan x (x + x \cdot \tan^2 x + \tan x) .$$